

Scientific name	<i>Suaeda maritima</i> saltmarsh
Common name	Annual Sea-blite saltmarsh
Community code	SM1C

Vegetation

The chief plant in this species-poor coastal community is the annual *Suaeda maritima* which can provide dense cover and which is usually accompanied by some subordinate growth of *Salicornia* agg. Sparse shoots of *Puccinellia maritima* frequently occur and occasionally one finds some *Limonium humile* or *Atriplex portulacoides*. Mean maximum vegetation height = 18.3 cm, $n = 3$.

Ecology

This community may be found in the pioneer zone in the lower parts of saltmarsh on rather coarse sand-gravel substrates, but it also occurs higher up in the tidal frame, on shingle or sand-shingle mixtures and on driftlines. Conditions are base-rich (mean pH = 8.4, $n = 3$).

Sub-communities

No sub-communities have been described for this community

Similar communities

This community is fairly distinct. Stands lower down on the marsh may well transition into patches of SM1C *Salicornia* agg. saltmarsh, as *Salicornia* and *Suaeda* trade dominance.

Records and distribution

Number of records (all)

Clearly assigned:	38
Transitional:	2
Total:	40

Number of records (mapped)

2001-2020:	18
1986-2000:	1
1971-1985:	17
Pre-1971:	4
Total:	40

Number of hectads (by most recent time period)

2001-2020:	10
1986-2000:	1
1971-1985:	6
Pre-1971:	2
Total:	19

Number of hectads (records in each time period)

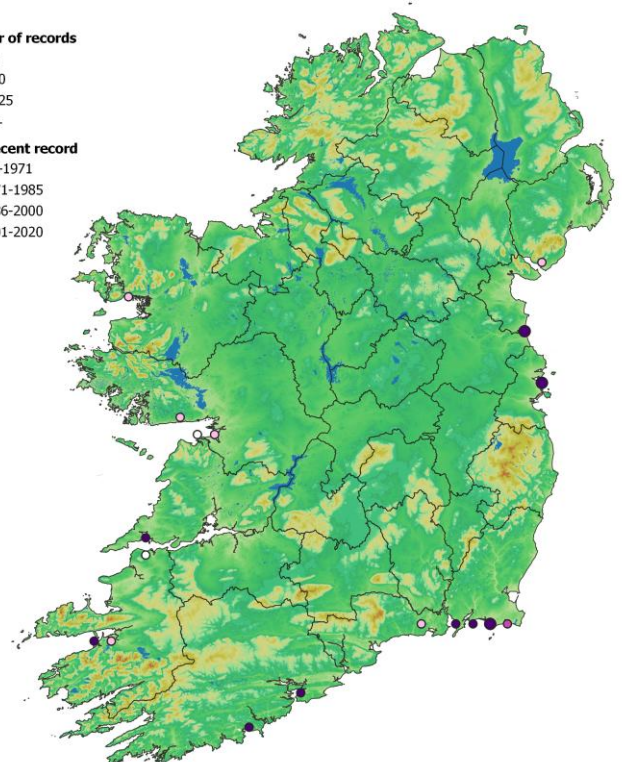
2001-2020:	10
1986-2000:	1
1971-1985:	8
Pre-1971:	3

Number of records

- 1-3
- 4-10
- 11-25
- 26+

Most recent record

- pre-1971
- 1971-1985
- 1986-2000
- 2001-2020



Synoptic table (*n* = 35)

Species	Frequency (from I-V)	Cover min (med) max	Species	Frequency (from I-V)	Cover min (med) max
<i>Suaeda maritima</i>	V	3-(7)-9			
<i>Salicornia</i> agg.	IV	+- (4)-7			
<i>Puccinellia maritima</i>	III	1-(3)-5			
<i>Limonium humile</i>	II	1-(3)-8			
<i>Atriplex portulacoides</i>	II	2-(2)-4			
<i>Spergularia media</i>	I	2-(3)-3			
<i>Spartina</i> agg.	I	2-(3)-4			
<i>Aster tripolium</i>	I	2-(2)-4			
<i>Atriplex prostrata</i>	I	2-(2)-3			
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i> agg.	I	2-(2)-3			
<i>Glaux maritima</i>	I	2-(5)-5			
<i>Tripleurospermum maritimum</i>	I	3-(3)-3			
<i>Armeria maritima</i>	I	5-(5)-5			
<i>Cakile maritima</i>	I	2-(2)-2			
<i>Elytrigia juncea</i>	I	2-(2)-2			
<i>Plantago maritima</i>	I	2-(2)-2			
<i>Rumex crispus</i>	I	2-(2)-2			
<i>Spergularia marina</i>	I	3-(3)-3			

Affinities

GHI: CM1 Lower salt marsh

ZM: ME01A Therosalicornion Br.-Bl.

EUNIS: A2.5512 *Suaeda maritima* pioneer saltmarshes

NVC: SM9 *Suaeda maritima* salt-marsh community (74.1%)

Annex I: 1310 *Salicornia* mud

Proxy environmental data

Light: 9.0 Reaction: 7.8 Wetness: 8.0 Fertility: 5.9 Salinity: 7.0

Conservation value

Almost all examples of this pioneer vegetation qualify as EU HD Annex I habitat 1310 *Salicornia* mud. It is typically a species-poor saltmarsh community (species/4 m² = 3.6, *n* = 23) but the species that do occur are specialists.

Management

These swards are typically unmanaged, although stands higher on the shore may be grazed by livestock. Sea-level rises as a result of climate change will have an impact, particularly in areas susceptible to coastal squeeze.

Key references

McCorry, M., Ryle, T. (2009) Saltmarsh Monitoring Project 2007-2008. 5 volumes. (unpublished). National Parks and Wildlife Service, Dublin.

Ní Lamhna, É. (1982). The vegetation of saltmarshes and sand-dunes at Malahide Island, County Dublin. *Journal of Life Sciences - Royal Dublin Society* 3, 111-129.

Boorman, L.A. (1966) Experimental studies in the genus *Limonium*. (Ph.D. thesis). University of Oxford, U.K.

Synopsis version: V1.1

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Synopsis author(s): P.M. Perrin



Photo 1. SM1C *Suaeda maritima* saltmarsh, Ballyteigue Burrows, Wexford (P. Perrin, July 2018)



Photo 2. SM1C *Suaeda maritima* saltmarsh, Ballyteigue Burrows, Wexford (P. Perrin, July 2018)